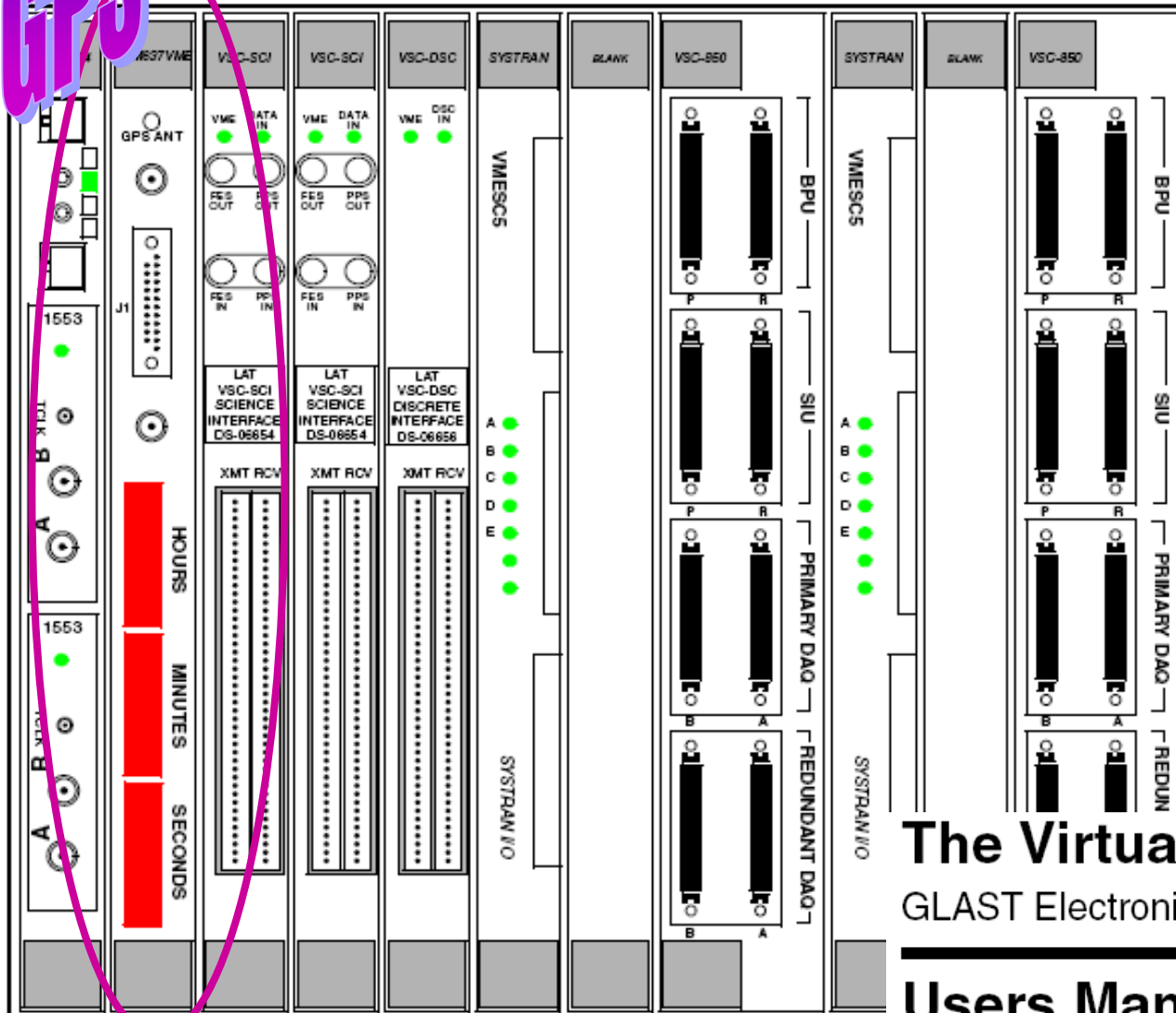


Miscellaneous timing musings

GPS

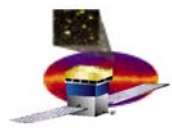


David Smith et al
CENBG/In2p3/CNRS
Bordeaux, France

The Virtual Spacecraft (VSC)

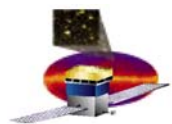
GLAST Electronics group

Users Manual



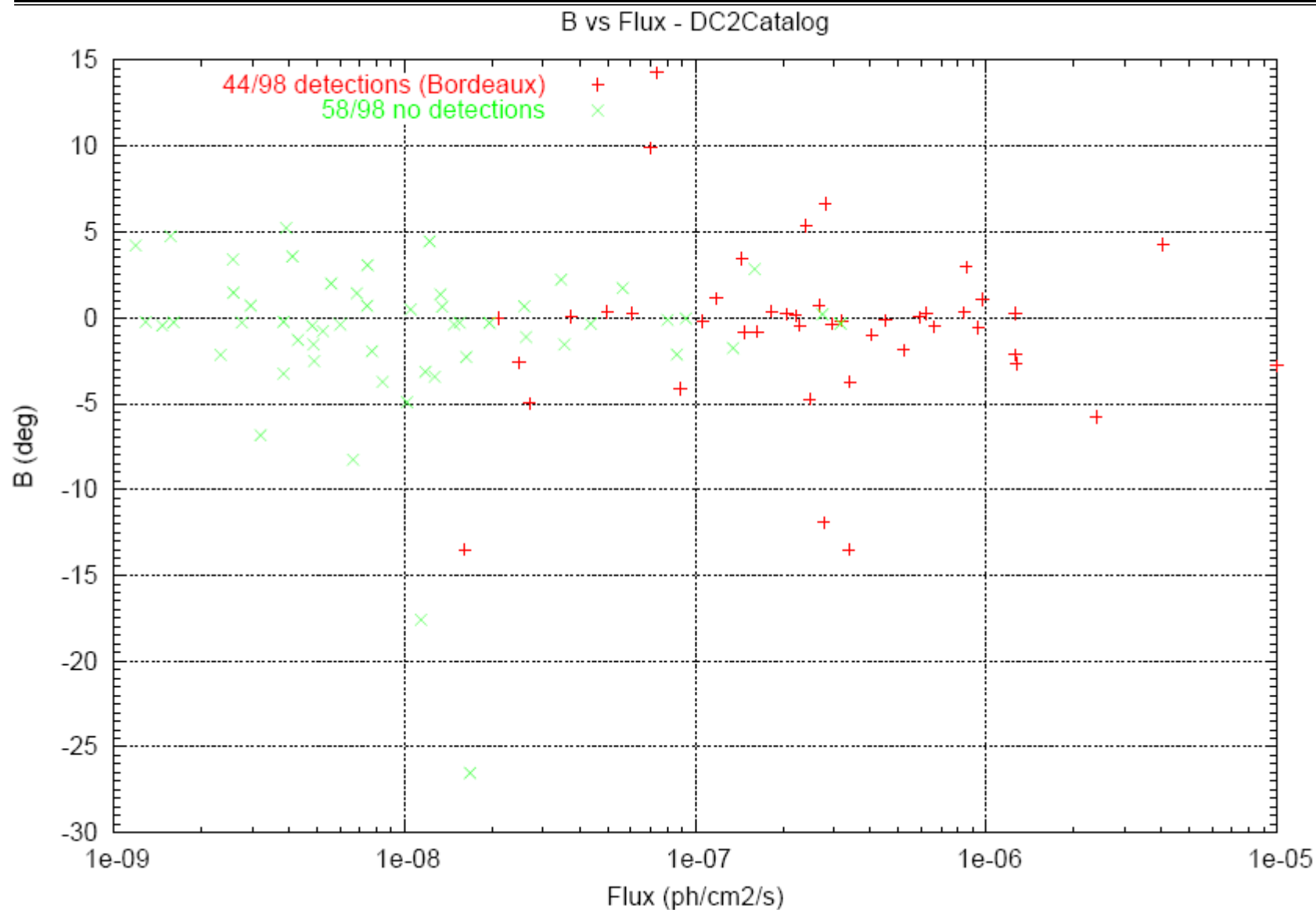
(four short) **Topics**

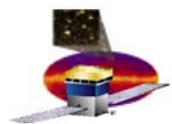
1. DC2 follow-up
2. Towards the flight version of the D4.fits ephemerides database.
3. Short rumination about MSP/XRB ephemerides
4. Minor news about absolute timing in real data.



1. DC2 follow-up

Galactic latitude versus True flux of the 98 simulated pulsars with known ephemerides (D. Parent).



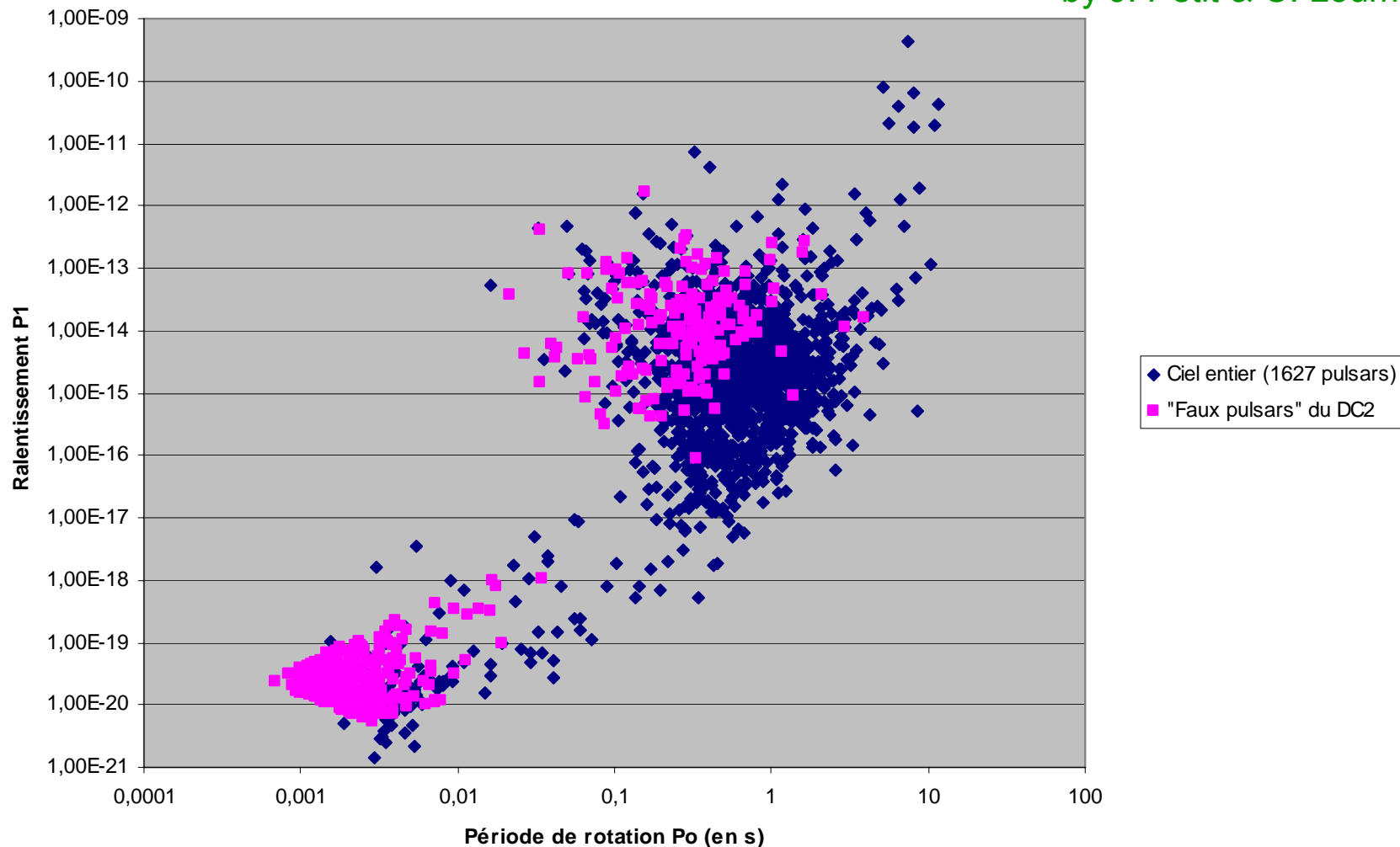


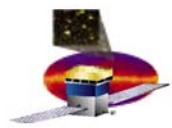
DC2 follow-up, cont'd

Blue: all real ATNF pulsars. Pink: 413 DC2 pulsars.

Plot du ciel entier (1627 pulsars) et des 413 pulsars simulés du DC2

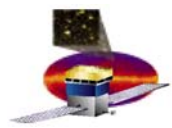
by J. Petit & C. Loumena





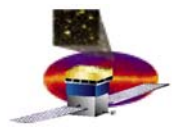
DC2 follow-up, end

- Thierry studying gtlikelihood vs xspec. Damien probably won't add gtlikelihood to his script in the near future (due to University calendar...).
- Also intend to add gtpsearch three times (for the three different statistical tests), each time with only one frequency step, at the *a priori* frequency, to avoid Ntrials getting out of control (result of discussion between Masa & DJT).



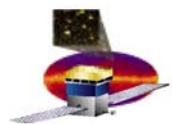
2. Towards a flight D4 database

- While at GSFC for Closeout, we met with Masa H and James P to hash out details of how to transfer timing solutions from the radio observatories to the GSSC LAT data servers.
- Denis then wrote a routine to take Nançay “tempo” ascii output and translate it to the ascii input illustrated in the Workbook tutorial for gtpulsar db, see http://glast-ground.slac.stanford.edu/workbook/pages/sciTools_gtpulsar dbEphemerisDataFileTutorial/gtpulsar dbTutorial.htm
- David is making a short .html to document the above.
- We’ll give both to MH & JP. Idea is that GSSC will have a small number of translation scripts, they’ll receive ephemerides from radiotelescopes (perhaps via Glast middlemen in the early days), and thus maintain the Official D4.fit files.
- For starters – we suggested that MH&JP build a “version 0” D4.fit using the ephemerides for the 1627 pulsars in ATNF. They have begun looking at syntax details...
- (Since then: not clear to DD & DS that most of the 1627 have real timing solutions. A P and a rough $Pdot$ at discovery time is not the same as a full-blown set of timing parameters.)
- In any case: goal is to have as many pulsars as possible in the D4.fits – only worth asking radiotelescope time for the 236 “best candidates” but if ephemerides exist for others, include them as well.



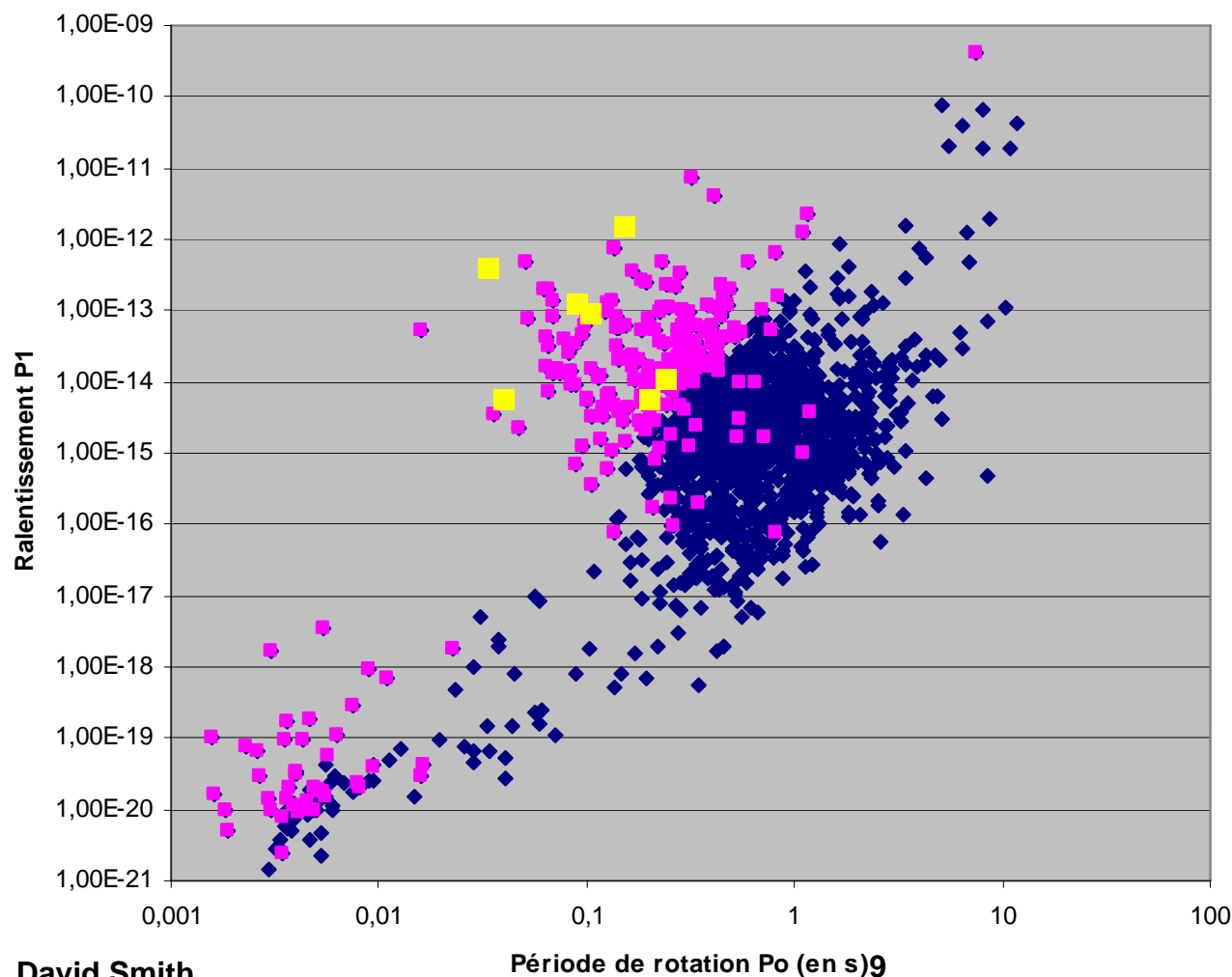
Towards a flight D4 database

- Meanwhile: Denis (with 2 juniors) has been learning Tempo. He takes Nançay TOA measurements to generate ephemerides. We're learning that there's a significant difference between "detections and routine observations" on the one hand and "accurate ephemerides in the database" on the other.
- The number of GLAST pulsars detected by Nançay so far is about 40.
- The sample Tempo output from Nançay can be seen on slide 4 of https://confluence.slac.stanford.edu/download/attachments/2162/PSR_Face2Face30Mai2006.pdf
- FYI, real D4.fits filled with the CGRO ephemerides exist, see http://glast.gsfc.nasa.gov/ssc/dev/psr_tools/exampleD4.html



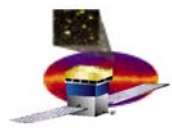
Towards a flight D4 database, end

Plot du ciel entier (1627 pulsars) et des pulsars sélectionnés sur critères
("vrais pulsars")



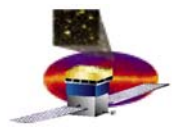
GLAST's 236 gamma
candidates, compared
to all known pulsars and
the CGRO 7, prepared
by J. Petit & C.
Loumena

- ◆ Ciel entier (1627 Pulsars)
- Pulsars choisis par critères (236)
- Pulsars EGRET



3. Ephemerides for MSP's in XRBs.

- After DC2 it dawned on us that the “binary orbital elements” part of the DC2 D4.fits file is empty – the many MSP's in the simulated sky are *not* XRB's as they will mostly be in Real Life.
- Max confirmed that this was a deliberate pre-DC2 choice. With hindsight, a wise choice given the difficulties encountered with lightcurve simulations.
- DJT says “MSPs intrinsically more stable. Binary orbits too, once you have them nailed down^{*}. So not necessarily a big impact on radio telescope time.”
- Certainly needs to be exercised before launch. Max planning to add to simulators. We are too, but not soon... Anyone under-employed could help out.



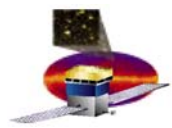
4. Real GPS timestamps in real data

- Slides 5 through 8 of

https://confluence.slac.stanford.edu/download/attachments/2162/PSR_Face2Face30Mai2006.pdf

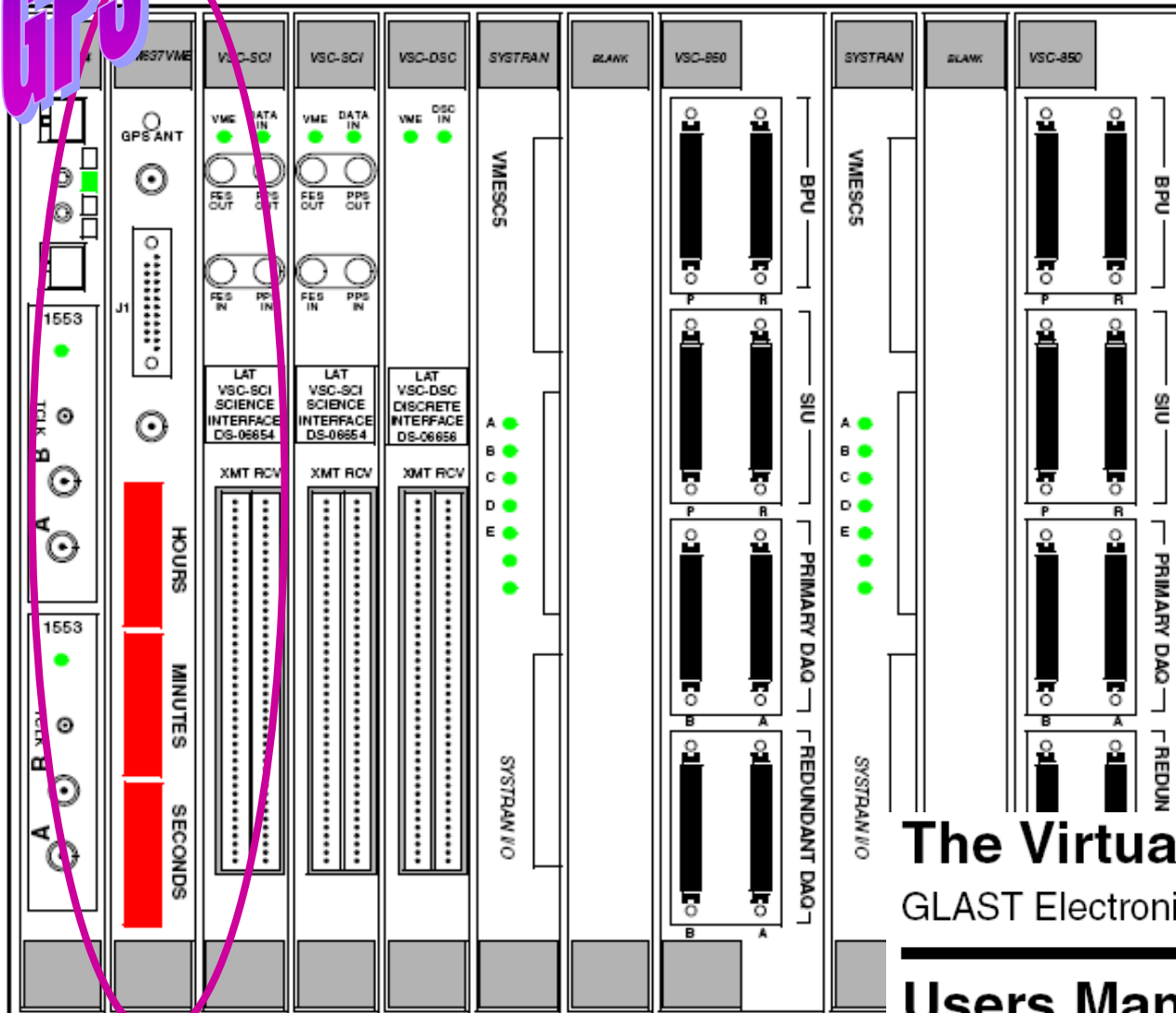
explain why we'd like to test the LAT absolute time stamps presently coming out of the hardware, or before launch in any case (major missions have had problems).

- Minor progress since then:
 - FSW (=Flight Software) gets GPS absolute time stamp for individual triggers from the VSC (virtual space craft, see next slide).
 - The elements for building MET (=Mission Elapsed Time, that is, seconds since 2001 January 1, the input to gtbary, and thus what *this* group cares about), which are “TimeTone at PPS” and “50 ns ticks since last PPS” appear in the digi.root and SvacNtuple.root files.



VSC = Virtual Space Craft

GPS

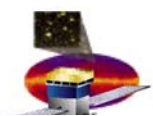


It's just a VME crate with some ordinary and some special modules.

The Virtual Spacecraft (VSC)

GLAST Electronics group

Users Manual



How to build MET from raw data

Slide 9 of Anders Borgland's talk,

http://www-glast.slac.stanford.edu/IntegrationTest/SVAC/Instrument_Analysis/Meetings/05262006/SVAC.pdf



ISOC/SVAC

Instrument Analysis Meeting, May 26, 2006

Time Tones

- We receive a time tone from the GPS every second: 1-PPS
- Can be used to make an event time stamp!
- For every event:
 - Information about the current and previous time tone
 - Can correct for drift in the system clock i.e. The Time Tone is our absolute time!
- Example:
 - Event time stamp in seconds:

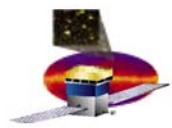
$$\text{TimeStamp} = \text{ContextLsfTimeTimeToneCurrentSeconds} + \left[\frac{\text{ContextLsfTimeTimeTicks}}{\text{ContextLsfTimeTimeToneCurrentGemTimeTicks} - \text{ContextLsfTimeTimeTonePreviousGemTimeTicks}} \right]$$

Number of seconds since Epoch start 01.01.2001 of last 1-PPS

Number of system clock ticks (50 ns) since last time tone for this event

Number of system clock ticks between last two 1-PPS

All the **ContextLsf....** are SVAC ntuple variables!



Real GPS timestamps in real data, end

- I followed Anders' recipe, using a recent muon run from NRL. Generated METs. Learned lotsa nifty little details (which I will spare you unless asked).
- GOAL – compare absolute time at the very end of the hardware + software chain to some independent absolute time.
- Downstream: since FSW running, .fits data files no longer generated so can't check MET (am inquiring...)
- Upstream: Bryson Lee providing me some VSC info not in the "Science Data stream", will see how far upstream we can go. Eric Grove is in the loop (a hardware+pulsar man '*par excellence*').
- So, at present, this remains mostly FYI.