

SET-UP OF THE SOFIA EXPERIMENT

August 2012 - experiment s415

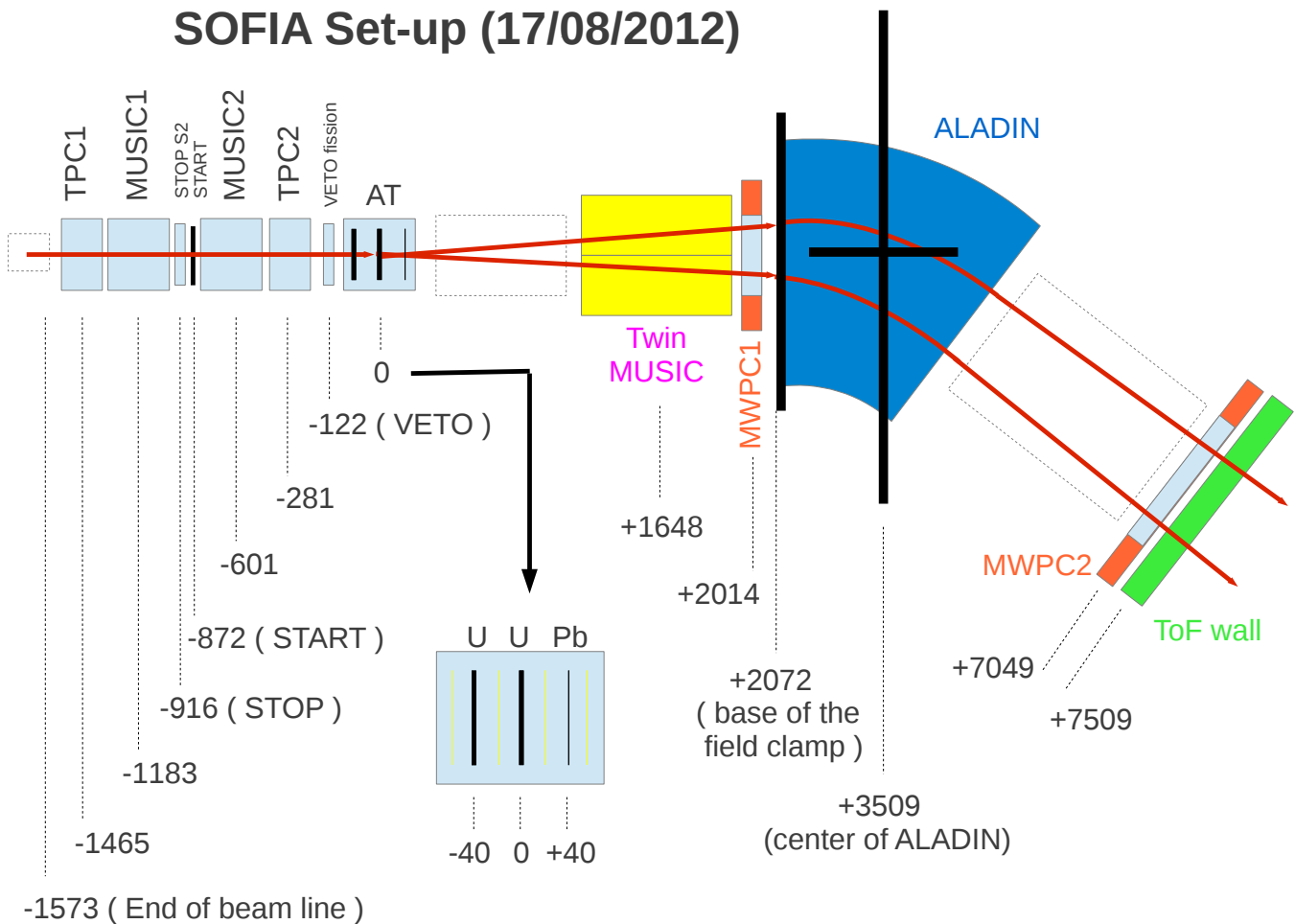


Figure 1: scheme of the SOFIA experiment (courtesy of Eric and Guillaume)

At S2 :

→ plastic 1 (dimension $3.2 \times 300 \times 1 \text{ mm}^3$): *START of incoming beam*

At cave C :

→ FRS TPC 1: *position of incoming beam*

→ FRS TUM MUSIC 1: ΔE *incoming beam*

→ plastic 2 ($200 \times 50 \times 1 \text{ mm}^3$): *STOP of incoming beam*

→ plastic 3 ($50 \times 32 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^3$): *START of fission fragments*

→ FRS TUM MUSIC 2: ΔE *incoming beam*

→ veto segmented plastic ($\times 50 \times 0.250 \text{ mm}^3$ each): fission event rejection

→ FRS TPC 2 : *position of incoming beam on target*

→ Active Target (2 U targets + 1 Pb target)

→ *vacuum beam pipe*

→ TWIN-MUSIC: $\Delta E + \theta_{FF}$

→ MWPC1 (Stan): *second position measurement*

→ *ALADIN*

→ *He-filled beam pipe*

→ MWPC2 (Oliver): *third position measurement*

→ ToF Wall: *STOP of fission fragments*

plastic 1 @ S2, $3.2 \times 300 \times 1$ mm³, START Incoming Beam

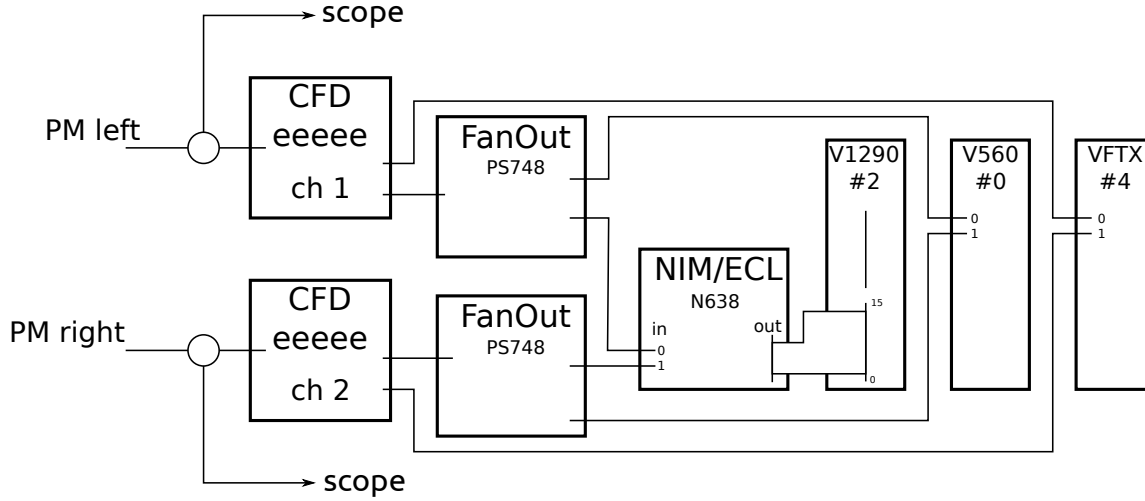


Figure 2: Electronic Scheme of the plastic at S2 for starting the ToF of the secondary beam

- ▷ 2 PMTs: HAMAMATSU **YYYY**, HV = **1___** V.
- ▷ CFD PS715: **NumSerie eeeee** channel 1 (**threshold**) and 2 (**threshold**).
- ▷ TDC-V1290: start of the secondary beam ToF. It should be synchronised with the V1290 at cave C (same external clock @ 40 MHz).
- ▷ scaler-V560: to measure the counting rate at S2.
- ▷ VFTX: to measure precisely the position of the secondary beam at S2.
- ▷ DAQ: Moreover, this VME crate should be ran independantly and not as a slave branch of the master crate located at cave C. To keep synchronised both acquisition system, we should use TRIDI module (see Fig??).

TPC 1 and TPC 2:

MUSIC 1 and MUSIC 2:

plastic 2 @ cave C, $50 \times 200 \times 1$ mm³, STOP Incoming Beam

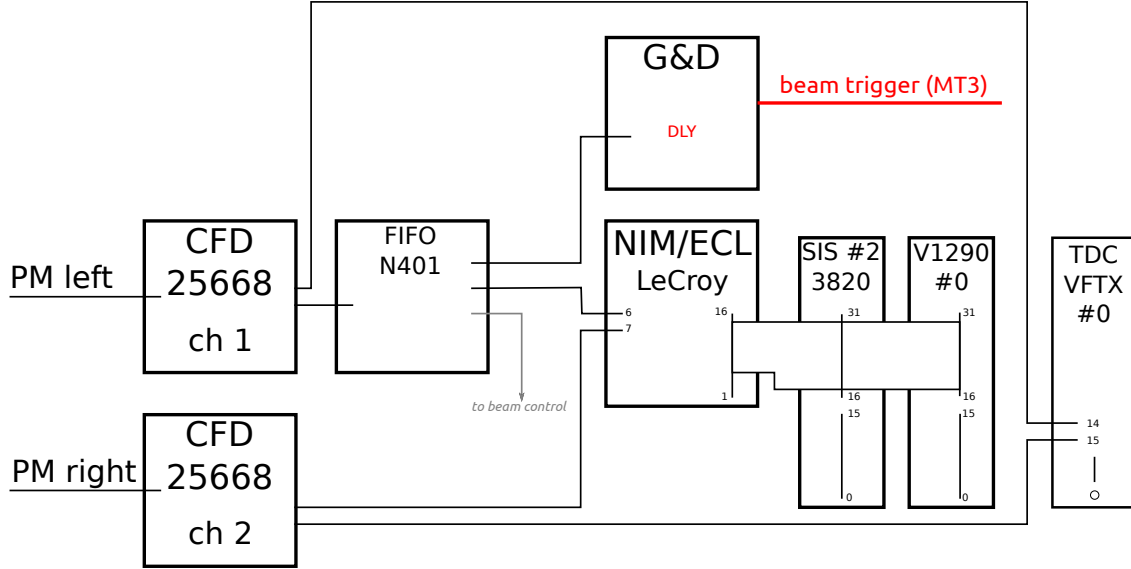


Figure 3: Electronic Scheme of the plastic at cave C for stopping the ToF of the secondary beam

- ▷ 2 PMTs: HAMAMATSU YYYY, HV = 1___ V.
- ▷ CFD PS715: n° 25668, channel 1 and 2, threshold at -100 mV.
- ▷ Gate and Delay PS: MT3 is delayed of ___ ns to arrive 5 to 10 ns after the MT1.
- ▷ TDC-V1290: This will give the stop signal of the secondary beam.
- ▷ TDC-VFTX: This will give a high precision position in the plastic.
- ▷ scaler-SIS3820: counting rate of this plastic on channels 24 and 25 on this scaler.

The STOP plastic is used to provide the **beam trigger** for the calibration runs which need to be done with beam.

plastic 3 @ Cave C, $3.2 \times 50 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^3$, quenched, START Fission Fragments

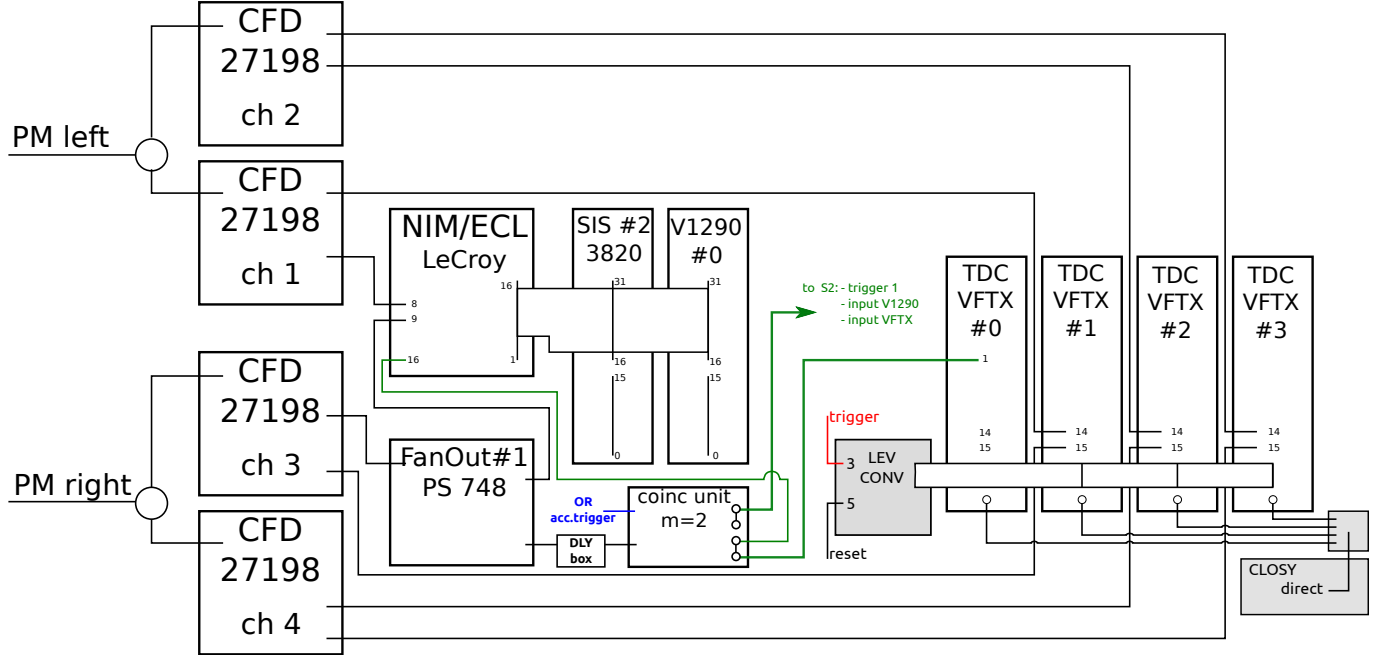


Figure 4: Electronic Scheme of the plastic at cave C for starting the ToF of the fission fragments

- ▷ 2 PMTs: HAMAMATSU **YYYY**, HV = **1___** V.
- ▷ CFD PS715 n° 27198, channels 1 and 2 for the left side, channels 3 and 4 for the right. Threshold at -100 mV
- ▷ COINC PS755 only used to changed NIMbar signal into NIM
- ▷ scaler-SIS3820: counting rate of this plastic on channels 26 (left) and 27 (right) on this scaler.
- ▷ TDC-V1290: reference time for the drift time in the Twin-MUSIC.
- ▷ TDC-VFTX: start of the fission fragment ToF.

We get the four VFTX modules with an external clock (CLOS clock). Start will be duplicated in the last three VFTX module, as shown in the scheme. For VFTX 0 and VFTX 1, ToF should be calculated versus the start of VFTX 1. In VFTX 0 (see fig 3), the last 2 channels are dedicated to the STOP incoming beam.

If the VME crate is re-booted it is mandatory to send a NIM signal into the input 5 of the LEVCONV. This is necessary to synchronized all the clock counts of the VFTX. The trigger of the module is going through the input 3 of the LEVCONV. The searching window is defined from this signal. The LEVCONV needs a +12V voltage. Never disconnect the +12V, if the +220V is still connected. This would break the LEVCONV.

veto:

We want to reject at the acquisition level, events where fission occurs prior to the Active Target. Therefore we use a segmented plastic. If both segment are hitted, this means a fission already occurred before, and this event should be rejected from the acquisition. in order to decrease the total dead time.

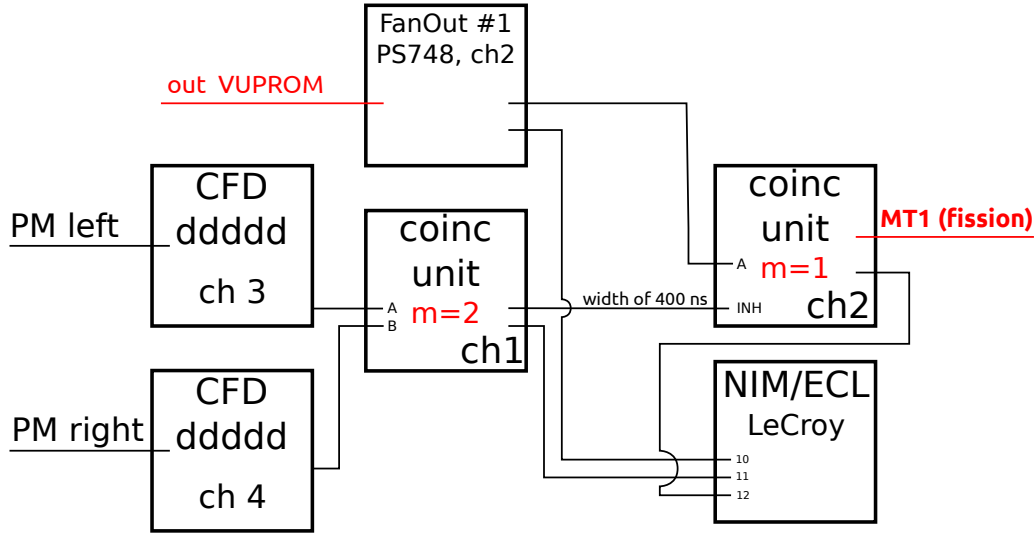


Figure 5: Electronic Scheme of the veto plastics. **CHECK THE FCT (other option)**

- ▷ 2 PMTs: HAMAMATSU **YYYY**, HV = **1___** V.
- ▷ CFD PS715 n° 25668, channels 4 and 5, threshold at -100 mV.
- ▷ coincidence unit PS 755: detection of two simultaneous fragment in the veto.
- ▷ width of the signal after the CFD : 100 ns
- ▷ width of the signal after the coincidence module : 400 ns

Active Target:

Active target has 4 anodes and 3 target-cathods (cf. scheme in figure). In total the active target has two thick uranium targets (0.6 mm) and 1 thin lead target (0.125 mm). The gas used is P10.

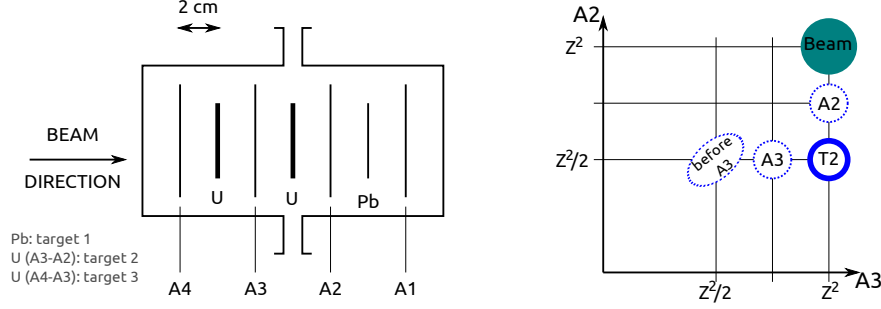


Figure 6: Schemes of the active target (left) and expected type of result (right).

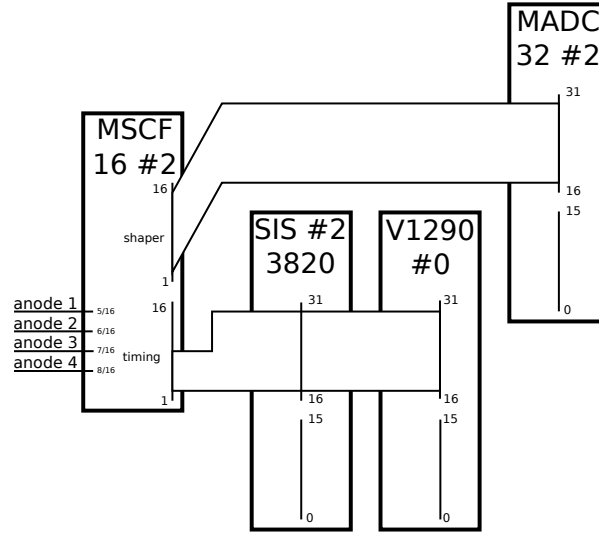


Figure 7: Electronic Scheme for the active target. The channel numbering for the MSCF-16 is going from 1 to 16, whereas for the VME modules it is going from 0 to 15.

- ▷ 4 anodes: are connected to the ground and have PA with gain of 1.5V/pC (A1 and A4) and 1V/pC (A2 and A3).
- ▷ 3 cathodes (targets): are polarised at $HV = -280V$.
- ▷ MADC-32: measurement of the energy lost by the beam or fission fragments between 2 electrodes.
- ▷ SIS3820: counting rate on each of the 4 anodes.
- ▷ V1290: connected, but not use in the analysis.
- ▷ for the cabling, details are written in the table 3.

TWIN:

TWIN-MUSIC has 10 anodes (and 2 screen anodes not read out) on each side: odd numbers are attributed to the left side, whereas even numbers are for the right side. The gas mixture used is composed by: Ne (84.7 %), CH₄ (12 %), CO₂ (3 %) and N₂ (0.3 %).

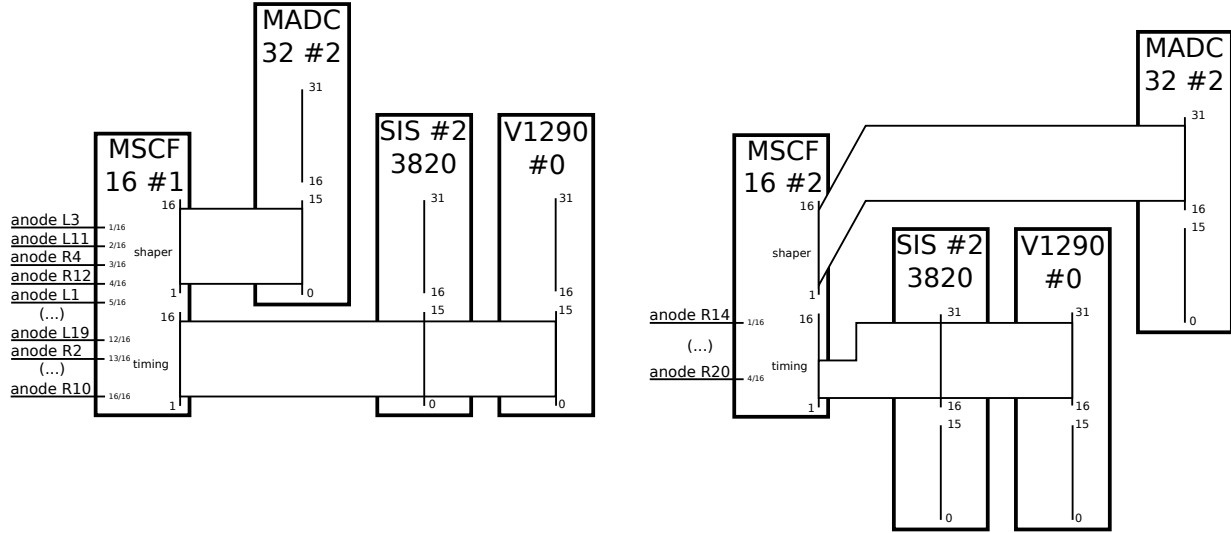


Figure 8: Electronic Scheme for the TWIN-MUSIC. The channel numbering for the MSCF-16 is going from 1 to 16, whereas for the VME modules it is going from 0 to 15.

- ▷ *cathode*: is polarised at HV = -4000 V.
- ▷ *anodes*: are polarised at HV = +400 V.
- ▷ *MADC-32*: measurement of energy deposit in the TWIN.
- ▷ *SIS3820*: counting rate on each anode.
- ▷ *V1290*: electron drift time in the TWIN.
- ▷ *for the cabling*, details are written in the table 3.

MWPC 1 and MWPC2:

▷ *Mapping of the first chamber (MWPC1, Stan):* gassiplex are located as indicated in the figure 9 and the mapping as written in the table 7. Please note that this mapping is valid if the MWPC1 is mounting with HV distribution card on the right looking at the beam direction (as indicated in the figure 9)

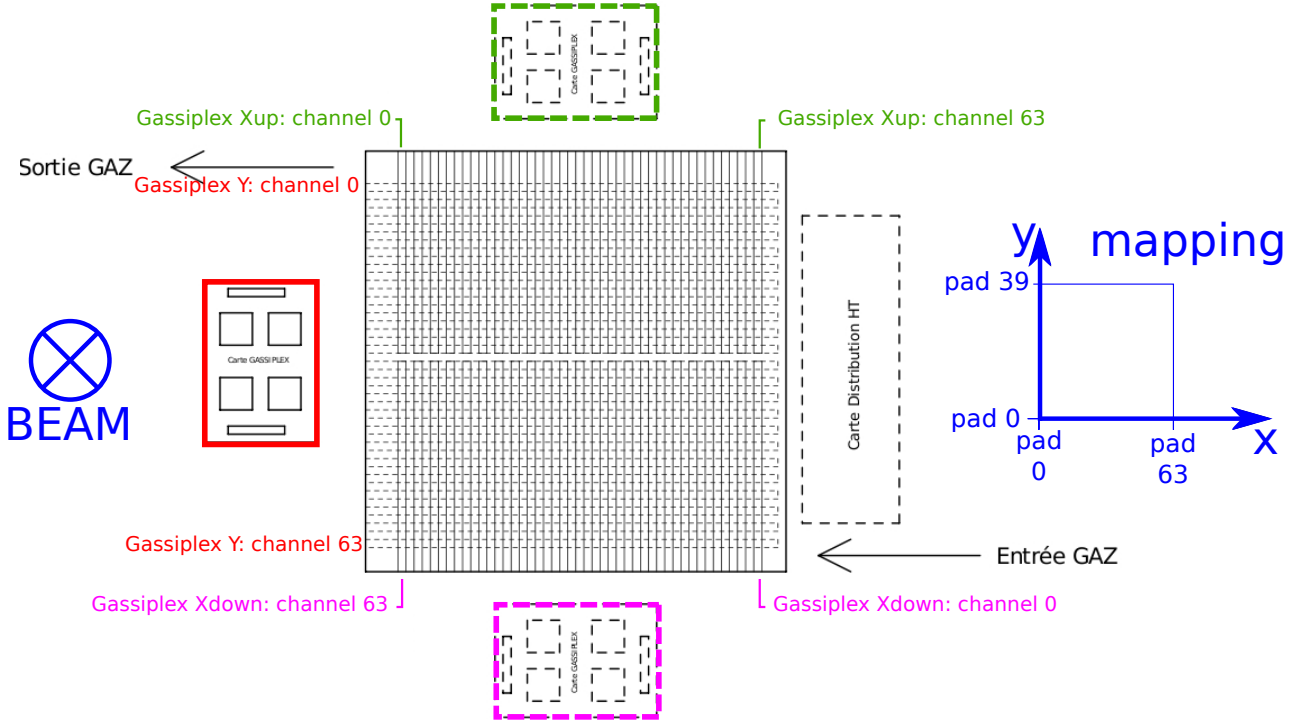


Figure 9: Drawing of the MWPC1

▷ *Mapping of the second chamber (MWPC2, Oliver):* The gassiplex are located as indicated in the figure 11 and the mapping as written in the tables 8 and 9. Please note that, if the 3 distribution cards for the HV are on the right side, when looking in the beam direction (as it was done during the FRS test in May), the pad numbers (which go from 0 to 288) will increase from right to left.

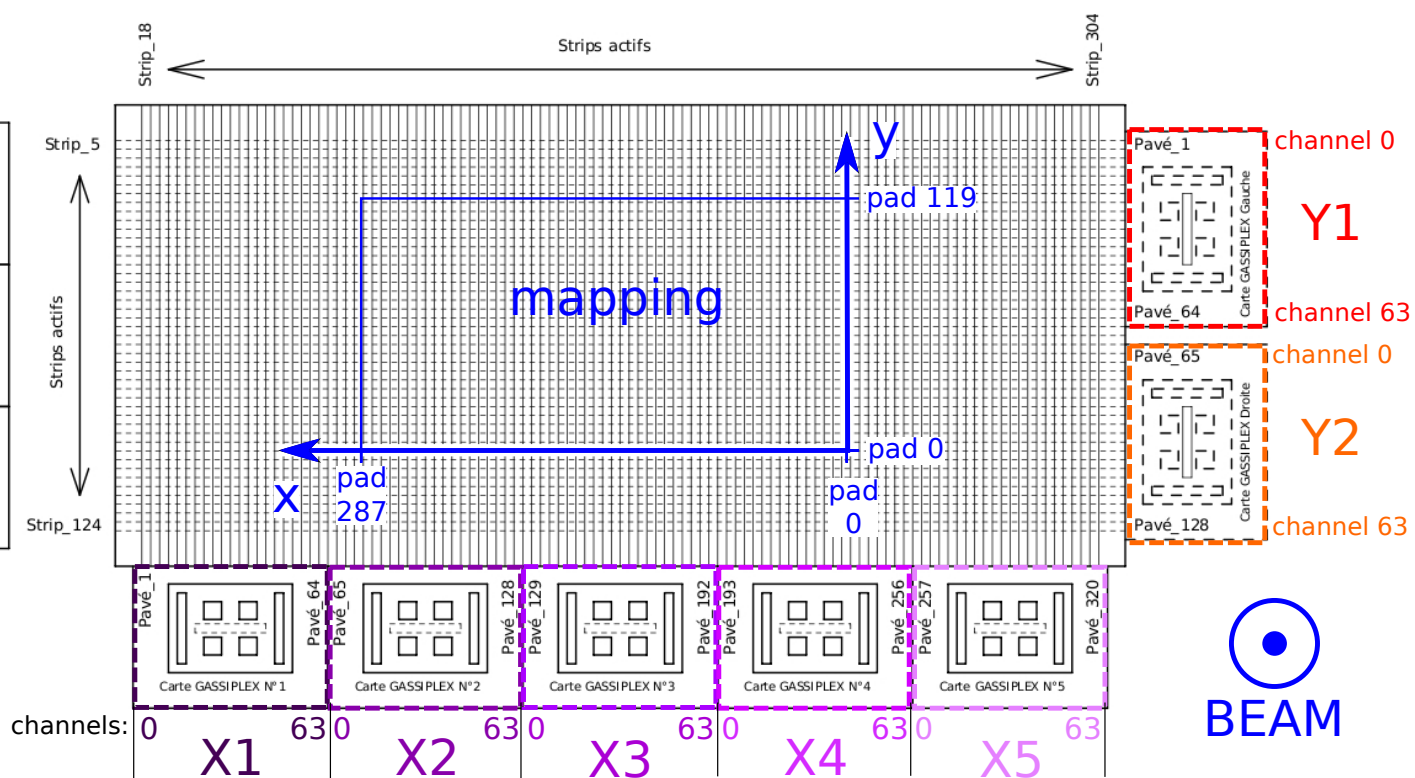


Figure 10: Technical drawing of the MWPC2, with the gassiplex channel order.

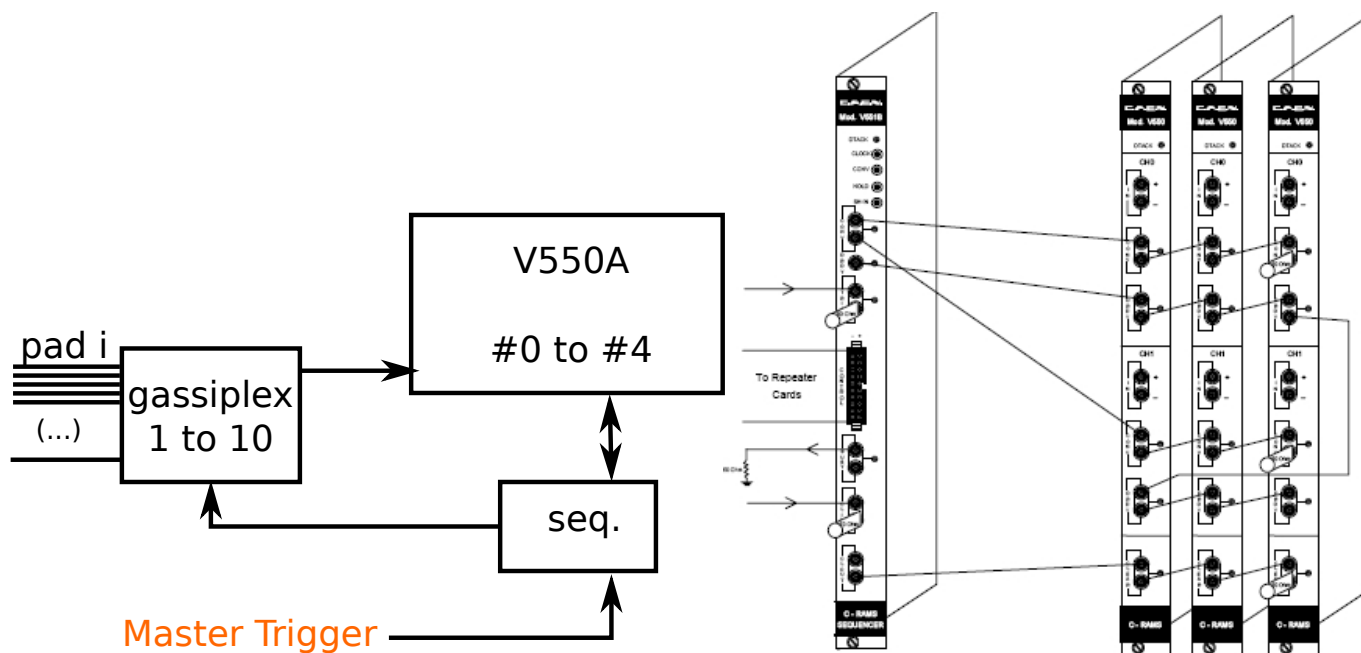


Figure 11: Electronic Scheme for MWPCs.

ToF wall:

The ToF wall has 28 plastics of $32 \times 50 \times 600 \text{ mm}^3$ numbered from left to right looking at the beam direction. The electronic scheme is represented in the figure 12 and the cabling is described in the tables 4 and 5.

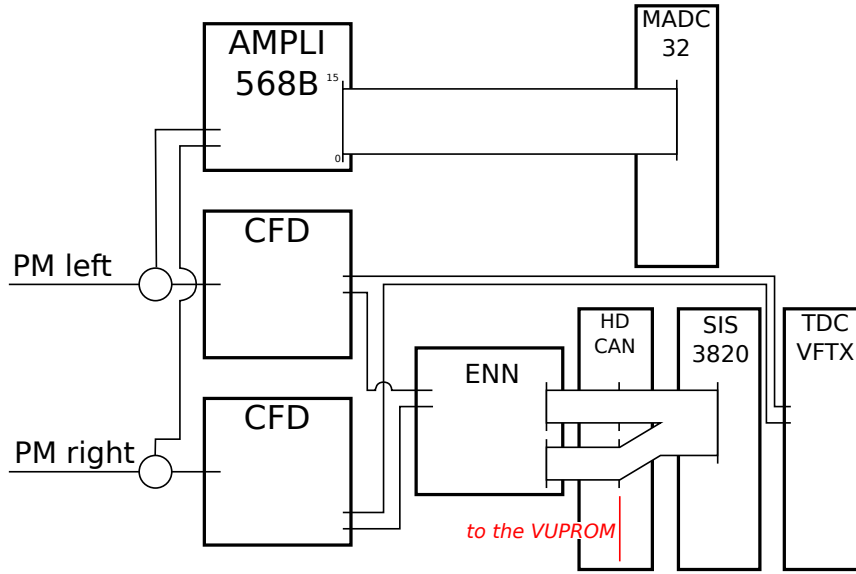


Figure 12: Electronic scheme for the ToF wall. This scheme is repeated 28 times, for each plastic.

It is quite important to follow the order of cabling described in the tables 4 and 5 **especially for the inputs on the ENN**. Indeed the outputs go to the HDCAN1 whose outputs are connected to the VUPROM. Its FPGA is programmed in order to deliver a trigger if one pair of PM fired + 1 pair or 1 PMT. The pair is recognised to be two following channels. The first pair is starting from the electronic channel number 0 of the VUPROM, etc...

Trigger logic and gates at cave C:

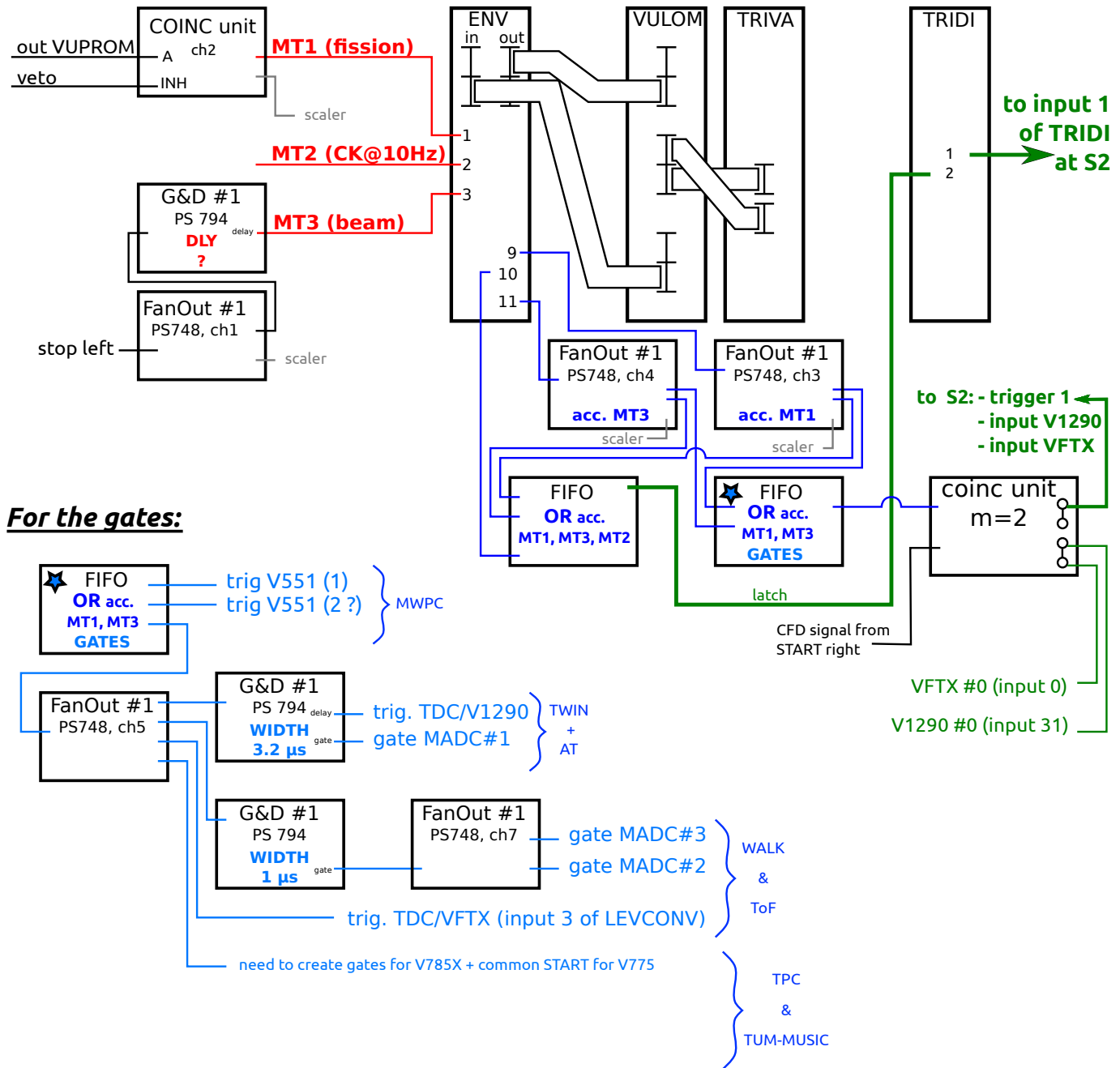


Figure 13: Electronic scheme of the trigger logic and gates of the data acquisition modules.

A common signal will be sent to one input of V1290 and VFTX at cave C and S2. This is how the synchronisation will be done. This signal is indicated as synchro S2.

Here is a summary of the last channels of the scaler. Most of these channels are indicated in light gray in the figure 13.

detector channel	LeCroy	SIS3820
TWIN Right 14		16
TWIN Right 16		17
TWIN Right 18		18
TWIN Right 20		19
MT3 STOP left	6	21
STOP right	7	22
START left	8	23
START right	9	24
out VUPROM (fission in ToFW)	10	25
coinc VETO (fission prior to AT)	11	26
MT1 (VUPROM - VETO)	12	27
accepted MT1	13	28
accepted MT3	14	29
acc. MT & STARTright	31	20

Table 1: channels for the LeCroy / SIS 3820 n°2 at cave C

Trigger logic and gates at S2:

The accepted trigger will go through amplifier and should be distributed to V1290, VFTX and to the input 1 of the TRIVA.

List of NIM modules:

At S2 : 1 NIM crate

- 1 CFD PS715
- 1 convertor NIM/ECL LeCroy
- 1 HT module for the PMTs
- 1 FanOut

At cave C - SOFIA set-up :

- 13 CFD PS715
- 4 AMPLI N568B
- 2 MSCF-16
- 1 NIM/ECL N638
- 4 NUM/ECL ENN
- 1 coincidence unit PS755
- 1 Gate and Delay generator PS795
-

At cave C - FRS set-up :

-
-

List of VME modules:

At S2 : 1 VME crate

- 1 RIO4 (R3-52, from LAND)
- 1 TRIVA
- 1 ENV (send MT to TRIVA and get accepted MT from TRIVA)
- 1 TRIDI (synchronisation of the S2 DAQ with cave C)
- 1 scaler CAEN V560
- 1 TDC - VFTX: position secondary beam, *searching window =*
- 1 TDC V1290: start ToF secondary beam, *searching window =*

At cave C : 3 VME crates

MASTER vme_0 Wiener <i>CEA</i> trigger + ToF + Walk + scalers	SLAVE 1 vme_1 Wiener <i>LAND</i> AT + TWIN + MWPC + scaler	SLAVE 2 vme_2 Wiener <i>CEA</i> FRS TUM-MUSIC + TPC
- 1 RIO4 (r4-28) <i>slot 1</i> - 1 TRIVA <i>slot 2</i> - 1 VULOM <i>slot 3</i> - 1 ENV <i>slot 4</i> - 1 TRIDI <i>slot 5</i>	- 1 RIO4 (r4-33) - 1 TRIVA	- 1 RIO4 (r4-38) - 1 TRIVA
- 1 VUPROM - 2 HDCAN1 - 2 SIS3820 - 4 TDC/VFTX - 2 MADC-32	- 1 SIS3820 - 1 V1290 - 1 MADC-32 - 1 V551 - 5 V550	- 1 V775 - 1 V785N - 1 V785A

Table 2: VME crates at cave C. We should also add the fifth for LAND, if used.

ANNEXES : CABLING AND MAPPING

TWIN MUSIC and Active Target

detector channel	PACI n° (gain)	MSCF-16 channel	set up	MADC-32 & SIS3820 channel	V1290 channel
TWIN Left 03	IPN 32 (1V/pC)	n°1, ch1	<i>block 1</i>	n°2, ch0	n°0, ch0
TWIN Left 11	IPN 33 (1V/pC)	n°1, ch2	shaping: 0	n°2, ch1	n°0, ch1
TWIN Right 04	IPN 39 (1V/pC)	n°1, ch3	gain: 5	n°2, ch2	n°0, ch2
TWIN Right 12	IPN 60 (1V/pC)	n°1, ch4		n°2, ch3	n°0, ch3
TWIN Left 01	IPN 81 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch5	<i>block 2</i>	n°2, ch4	n°0, ch4
TWIN Left 05	IPN 80 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch6	shaping: 0	n°2, ch5	n°0, ch5
TWIN Left 07	IPN 37 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch7	gain: 8	n°2, ch6	n°0, ch6
TWIN Left 09	IPN 82 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch8		n°2, ch7	n°0, ch7
TWIN Left 13	IPN 18 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch9	<i>block 3</i>	n°2, ch8	n°0, ch8
TWIN Left 15	IPN 49 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch10	shaping: 0	n°2, ch9	n°0, ch9
TWIN Left 17	IPN 38 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch11	gain: 8	n°2, ch10	n°0, ch10
TWIN Left 19	IPN 44 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch12		n°2, ch11	n°0, ch11
TWIN Right 02	IPN 78 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch13	<i>block 4</i>	n°2, ch12	n°0, ch12
TWIN Right 06	IPN 61 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch14	shaping: 0	n°2, ch13	n°0, ch14
TWIN Right 08	IPN 72 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch15	gain: 8	n°2, ch14	n°0, ch14
TWIN Right 10	IPN 73 (1.5V/pC)	n°1, ch16		n°2, ch15	n°0, ch15
TWIN Right 14	IPN 47 (1.5V/pC)	n°2, ch1	<i>block 1</i>	n°2, ch16	n°0, ch16
TWIN Right 16	IPN 20 (1.5V/pC)	n°2, ch2	shaping: 0	n°2, ch17	n°0, ch17
TWIN Right 18	IPN 23 (1.5V/pC)	n°2, ch3	gain: 8	n°2, ch18	n°0, ch18
TWIN Right 20	IPN 65 (1.5V/pC)	n°2, ch4		n°2, ch19	n°0, ch19
AT A01	IPN -- (1.5V/pC)	n°2, ch5	<i>block 2</i>	n°2, ch20	-
AT A02	IPN -- (1.5V/pC)	n°2, ch6	shaping:	n°2, ch21	-
AT A03	IPN -- (1.5V/pC)	n°2, ch7	gain:	n°2, ch22	-
AT A04	IPN -- (1.5V/pC)	n°2, ch8		n°2, ch23	-

Table 3: Cabling of the TWIN-MUSIC and Active Target. Shaping time for the TWIN is 0.25 μ s, as in May we get a better resolution (2.1%). **ATTENTION, THE ANODES OF THE TWIN ARE NOT ORDERED !!!!!**

Shaping time are the following :

- 0: shaping time of $0.25 \mu s$
- 1: shaping time of $0.5 \mu s$
- 2: shaping time of $1 \mu s$

Moreover we could adjust the delay for the timing output with the sw1 and sw2 internal switches.
The delay chosen are :

- MSCF1 = 100 ns
- MSCF2 = 100 ns

Concerning the SIS3820, please note that the **100 Ω terminations RN10 to RN80 has to be removed.**

Time of Flight Wall

Numbering of the plastic is going from left to right when looking at the beam direction (see Fig. 14)

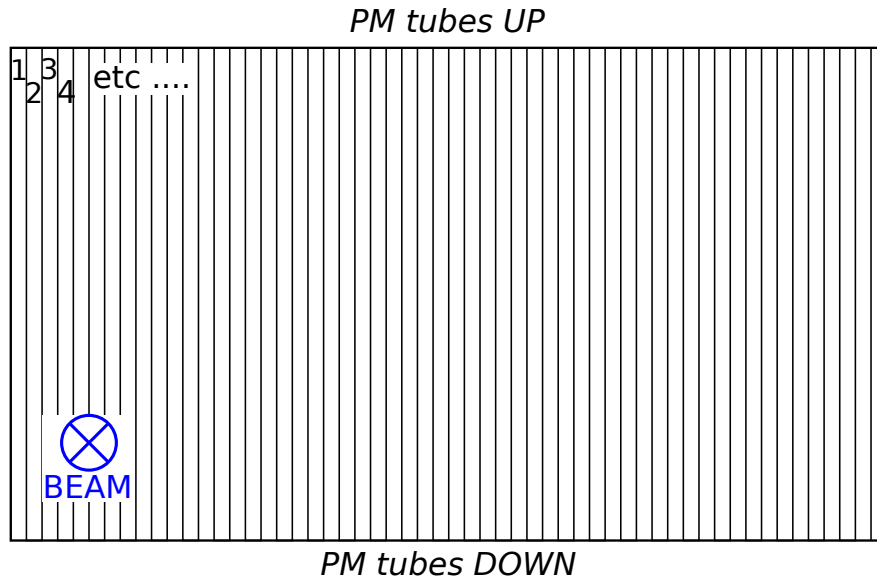


Figure 14: Numbering of the plastics: 1 is on the left, 28 is on the right.

Again, the **cabling to the ENN** (therefore to the HDCAN1 and then the VUPROM) **should be done carefully** to respect the logic of the code in the FPGA of the VUPROM (which produces the fission trigger). There are two choices in the trigger logic :

- 2 pairs of PM or,
- 1 pair of PM + 1 PM

A pair is defined as the two PM (up and down) of the same plastic and is corresponding to two following channels, starting from the very first of the VUPROM.

PMT	TDC-VFTX	CFD	ENN	HDCAN1	SIS3820	N568B	MADC-32
1 up 1 down	n°0, ch0 n°0, ch1	n°27189, ch4 n°27189, ch5	n°1, ch1 n°1, ch2	n°1, in 1 n°1, in 1	n°0, ch0 n°0, ch1	n°1, ch0 n°1, ch1	n°0, ch0 n°0, ch1
2 up 2 down	n°0, ch2 n°0, ch3	n°27189, ch2 n°27189, ch3	n°1, ch3 n°1, ch4	n°1, in 1 n°1, in 1	n°0, ch2 n°0, ch3	n°1, ch2 n°1, ch3	n°0, ch2 n°0, ch3
3 up 3 down	n°0, ch4 n°0, ch5	n°27196, ch5 n°27189, ch1	n°1, ch5 n°1, ch6	n°1, in 1 n°1, in 1	n°0, ch4 n°0, ch5	n°1, ch4 n°1, ch5	n°0, ch4 n°0, ch5
4 up 4 down	n°0, ch6 n°0, ch7	n°27196, ch3 n°27196, ch4	n°1, ch7 n°1, ch8	n°1, in 1 n°1, in 1	n°0, ch6 n°0, ch7	n°1, ch6 n°1, ch7	n°0, ch6 n°0, ch7
5 up 5 down	n°0, ch8 n°0, ch9	n°27196, ch1 n°27196, ch2	n°1, ch9 n°1, ch10	n°1, in 2 n°1, in 2	n°0, ch8 n°0, ch9	n°1, ch8 n°1, ch9	n°0, ch8 n°0, ch9
6 up 6 down	n°0, ch10 n°0, ch11	n°27200, ch4 n°27200, ch5	n°1, ch11 n°1, ch12	n°1, in 2 n°1, in 2	n°0, ch10 n°0, ch11	n°1, ch10 n°1, ch11	n°0, ch10 n°0, ch11
7 up 7 down	n°0, ch12 n°0, ch13	n°27200, ch2 n°27200, ch3	n°1, ch13 n°1, ch14	n°1, in 2 n°1, in 2	n°0, ch12 n°0, ch13	n°1, ch12 n°1, ch13	n°0, ch12 n°0, ch13
8 up 8 down	n°1, ch0 n°1, ch1	n°27199, ch5 n°27200, ch1	n°1, ch15 n°1, ch16	n°1, in 2 n°1, in 2	n°0, ch14 n°0, ch15	n°1, ch14 n°1, ch15	n°0, ch14 n°0, ch15
9 up 9 down	n°1, ch2 n°1, ch3	n°27199, ch3 n°27199, ch4	n°2, ch1 n°2, ch2	n°1, in 3 n°1, in 3	n°0, ch16 n°0, ch17	n°2, ch0 n°2, ch1	n°0, ch16 n°0, ch17
10 up 10 down	n°1, ch4 n°1, ch5	n°27199, ch1 n°27199, ch2	n°2, ch3 n°2, ch4	n°1, in 3 n°1, in 3	n°0, ch18 n°0, ch19	n°2, ch2 n°2, ch3	n°0, ch18 n°0, ch19
11 up 11 down	n°1, ch6 n°1, ch7	n°27197, ch4 n°27197, ch5	n°2, ch5 n°2, ch6	n°1, in 3 n°1, in 3	n°0, ch20 n°0, ch21	n°2, ch4 n°2, ch5	n°0, ch20 n°0, ch21
12 up 12 down	n°1, ch8 n°1, ch9	n°27197, ch2 n°27197, ch3	n°2, ch7 n°2, ch8	n°1, in 3 n°1, in 3	n°0, ch22 n°0, ch23	n°2, ch6 n°2, ch7	n°0, ch22 n°0, ch23
13 up 13 down	n°1, ch10 n°1, ch11	n°27194, ch5 n°27197, ch1	n°2, ch9 n°2, ch10	n°1, in 4 n°1, in 4	n°0, ch24 n°0, ch25	n°2, ch8 n°2, ch9	n°0, ch24 n°0, ch25
14 up 14 down	n°1, ch12 n°1, ch13	n°27194, ch3 n°27194, ch4	n°2, ch11 n°2, ch12	n°1, in 4 n°1, in 4	n°0, ch26 n°0, ch27	n°2, ch10 n°2, ch11	n°0, ch26 n°0, ch27
15 up 15 down	n°2, ch0 n°2, ch1	n°27194, ch1 n°27194, ch2	n°2, ch13 n°2, ch14	n°1, in 4 n°1, in 4	n°0, ch28 n°0, ch29	n°2, ch12 n°2, ch13	n°0, ch28 n°0, ch29
16 up 16 down	n°2, ch2 n°2, ch3	n°27193, ch4 n°27193, ch5	n°2, ch15 n°2, ch16	n°1, in 4 n°1, in 4	n°0, ch30 n°0, ch31	n°2, ch14 n°2, ch15	n°0, ch30 n°0, ch31

Table 4: Cabling of the ToF wall for the plastic 1 to 16. ATTENTION THIS MAPPING WILL CHANGE AS TWO CHANNELS of N568B ARE NOT WORKING.

PMT	TDC-VFTX	CFD	ENN	HDCAN1	SIS3820	N568B	MADC-32
17 up	n°2, ch4	n°27193, ch2	n°3, ch1	n°2, in 1	n°1, ch0	n°3, ch0	n°1, ch0
17 down	n°2, ch5	n°27193, ch3	n°3, ch2	n°2, in 1	n°1, ch1	n°3, ch1	n°1, ch1
18 up	n°2, ch6	n°27192, ch5	n°3, ch3	n°2, in 1	n°1, ch2	n°3, ch2	n°1, ch2
18 down	n°2, ch7	n°27193, ch1	n°3, ch4	n°2, in 1	n°1, ch3	n°3, ch3	n°1, ch3
19 up	n°2, ch8	n°27192, ch3	n°3, ch5	n°2, in 1	n°1, ch4	n°3, ch4	n°1, ch4
19 down	n°2, ch9	n°27192, ch4	n°3, ch6	n°2, in 1	n°1, ch5	n°3, ch5	n°1, ch5
20 up	n°2, ch10	n°27192, ch1	n°3, ch7	n°2, in 1	n°1, ch6	n°3, ch6	n°1, ch6
20 down	n°2, ch11	n°27192, ch2	n°3, ch8	n°2, in 1	n°1, ch7	n°3, ch7	n°1, ch7
21 up	n°2, ch12	n°27191, ch4	n°3, ch9	n°2, in 2	n°1, ch8	n°3, ch8	n°1, ch8
21 down	n°2, ch13	n°27191, ch5	n°3, ch10	n°2, in 2	n°1, ch9	n°3, ch9	n°1, ch9
22 up	n°3, ch0	n°27191, ch2	n°3, ch11	n°2, in 2	n°1, ch10	n°3, ch10	n°1, ch10
22 down	n°3, ch1	n°27191, ch3	n°3, ch12	n°2, in 2	n°1, ch11	n°3, ch11	n°1, ch11
23 up	n°3, ch2	n°27190, ch5	n°3, ch13	n°2, in 2	n°1, ch12	n°3, ch12	n°1, ch12
23 down	n°3, ch3	n°27191, ch1	n°3, ch14	n°2, in 2	n°1, ch13	n°3, ch13	n°1, ch13
24 up	n°3, ch4	n°27190, ch3	n°3, ch15	n°2, in 2	n°1, ch14	n°3, ch14	n°1, ch14
24 down	n°3, ch5	n°27190, ch4	n°3, ch16	n°2, in 2	n°1, ch15	n°3, ch15	n°1, ch15
25 up	n°3, ch6	n°27190, ch1	n°4, ch1	n°2, in 3	n°1, ch16	n°4, ch0	n°1, ch16
25 down	n°3, ch7	n°27190, ch2	n°4, ch2	n°2, in 3	n°1, ch17	n°4, ch1	n°1, ch17
26 up	n°3, ch8	n°27195, ch4	n°4, ch3	n°2, in 3	n°1, ch18	n°4, ch2	n°1, ch18
26 down	n°3, ch9	n°27195, ch5	n°4, ch4	n°2, in 3	n°1, ch19	n°4, ch3	n°1, ch19
27 up	n°3, ch10	n°27195, ch2	n°4, ch5	n°2, in 4	n°1, ch20	n°4, ch6	n°1, ch22
27 down	n°3, ch11	n°27201, ch4	n°4, ch6	n°2, in 4	n°1, ch21	n°4, ch7	n°1, ch23
28 up	n°3, ch12	n°27201, ch5	n°4, ch7	n°2, in 4	n°1, ch22	n°4, ch8	n°1, ch24
28 down	n°3, ch13	n°27195, ch1	n°4, ch8	n°2, in 4	n°1, ch23	n°4, ch9	n°1, ch25
START left	n°0,1,2,3, ch14	n°27198, ch1-2	N638, ch2	-	n°2, ch26	n°4, ch10	n°1, ch26
START right	n°0,1,2,3, ch15	n°27198, ch3-4	N638, ch3	-	n°2, ch27	n°4, ch11	n°1, ch27

Table 5: Cabling of the ToF wall for the plastic 17 to 28 + START. **ATTENTION THIS MAPPING WILL CHANGE AS TWO CHANNELS of N568B ARE NOT WORKING -; MAPPING CHANGED FROM CHANNEL 27 TO THE END.**

MWPC detectors

gassiplex	V550
Xup	n°1, ADC 0
Xdown	n°1, ADC 1
Y	n°2, ADC 0
X1	n°2, ADC 1
X2	n°3, ADC 0
X3	n°3, ADC 1
X4	n°4, ADC 0
X5	n°4, ADC 1
Y1	n°5, ADC 0
Y2	n°5, ADC 1

Table 6: Cabling of the MWPC detectors

gassiplex channel	Xdown (pad)	Xup (pad)	Y (pad)	channel	Xdown (pad)	Xup (pad)	Y (pad)
0	16	47	28	32	0	63	39
1	17	46	-	33	1	62	-
2	18	45	-	34	2	61	38
3	19	44	-	35	3	60	-
4	20	43	-	36	4	59	37
5	21	42	27	37	5	58	36
6	22	41	26	38	6	57	-
7	23	40	25	39	7	56	-
8	24	39	-	40	8	55	35
9	25	38	24	41	9	54	34
10	26	37	-	42	10	53	33
11	27	36	23	43	11	52	32
12	28	35	22	44	12	51	31
13	29	34	21	45	13	50	-
14	30	33	-	46	14	49	30
15	31	32	-	47	15	48	29
16	32	31	20	48	48	15	19
17	33	30	19	49	49	14	9
18	34	29	-	50	50	13	8
19	35	28	18	51	51	12	-
20	36	27	17	52	52	11	7
21	37	26	-	53	53	10	6
22	38	25	16	54	54	9	-
23	39	24	15	55	55	8	5
24	40	23	14	56	56	7	-
25	41	22	13	57	57	6	4
26	42	21	12	58	58	5	-
27	43	20	11	59	59	4	3
28	44	19	-	60	60	3	2
29	45	18	-	61	61	2	1
30	46	17	-	62	62	1	-
31	47	16	-	63	63	0	0

Table 7: Mapping of MWPC1 with X increasing from left to right and Y from bottom to up. This is valid only if HV distribution card is on the right, looking at the beam direction.

gassiplex channel	X1 (pad)	X2 (pad)	X3 (pad)	X4 (pad)	X5 (pad)	channel	X1 (pad)	X2 (pad)	X3 (pad)	X4 (pad)	X5 (pad)
0	287	223	159	95	31	32	-	239	175	111	47
1	286	222	158	94	30	33	-	238	174	110	46
2	285	221	157	93	29	34	-	237	173	109	45
3	284	220	156	92	28	35	-	236	172	108	44
4	283	219	155	91	27	36	-	235	171	107	43
5	282	218	154	90	26	37	-	234	170	106	42
6	281	217	153	89	25	38	-	233	169	105	41
7	280	216	152	88	24	39	-	232	168	104	40
8	279	215	151	87	23	40	-	231	167	103	39
9	278	214	150	86	22	41	-	230	166	102	38
10	277	213	149	85	21	42	-	229	165	101	37
11	276	212	148	84	20	43	-	228	164	100	36
12	275	211	147	83	19	44	-	227	163	99	35
13	274	210	146	82	18	45	-	226	162	98	34
14	273	209	145	81	17	46	-	225	161	97	33
15	272	208	144	80	16	47	-	224	160	96	32
16	271	207	143	79	15	48	255	191	127	63	-
17	270	206	142	78	14	49	254	190	126	62	-
18	269	205	141	77	13	50	253	189	125	61	-
19	268	204	140	76	12	51	252	188	124	60	-
20	267	203	139	75	11	52	251	187	123	59	-
21	266	202	138	74	10	53	250	186	122	58	-
22	265	201	137	73	9	54	249	185	121	57	-
23	264	200	136	72	8	55	248	184	120	56	-
24	263	199	135	71	7	56	247	183	119	55	-
25	262	198	134	70	6	57	246	182	118	54	-
26	261	197	133	69	5	58	245	181	117	53	-
27	260	196	132	68	4	59	244	180	116	52	-
28	259	195	131	67	3	60	243	179	115	51	-
29	258	194	130	66	2	61	242	178	114	50	-
30	257	193	129	65	1	62	241	177	113	49	-
31	256	192	128	64	0	63	240	176	112	48	-

Table 8: Mapping of MWPC2 X pads, with X increasing from left to right. This is valid only if HV distribution card is on the right, looking at the beam direction.

gassiplex channel	Y1 (pad)	Y2 (pad)	channel	Y1 (pad)	Y2 (pad)
0	107	43	32	-	59
1	106	42	33	-	58
2	105	41	34	-	57
3	104	40	35	-	56
4	103	39	36	119	55
5	102	38	37	118	54
6	101	37	38	117	53
7	100	36	39	116	52
8	99	35	40	115	51
9	98	34	41	114	50
10	97	33	42	113	49
11	96	32	43	112	48
12	95	31	44	111	47
13	94	30	45	110	46
14	93	29	46	109	45
15	92	28	47	108	44
16	91	27	48	75	11
17	90	26	49	74	10
18	89	25	50	73	9
19	88	24	51	72	8
20	87	23	52	71	7
21	86	22	53	70	6
22	85	21	54	69	5
23	84	20	55	68	4
24	83	19	56	67	3
25	82	18	57	66	2
26	81	17	58	65	1
27	80	16	59	64	0
28	79	15	60	63	-
29	78	14	61	62	-
30	77	13	62	61	-
31	76	12	63	60	-

Table 9: Mapping of MWPC2 Y pads, with Y increasing from bottom to up. This is valid only if HV distribution card is on the right, looking at the beam direction.