

### Why ?

To purify and accumulate large samples of radioactive ions

- ↪ purify → resolving power  $M/\Delta M \sim 10^5$   
to separate isobars
- ↪ accumulate → up to  $10^6$  ions per bunch

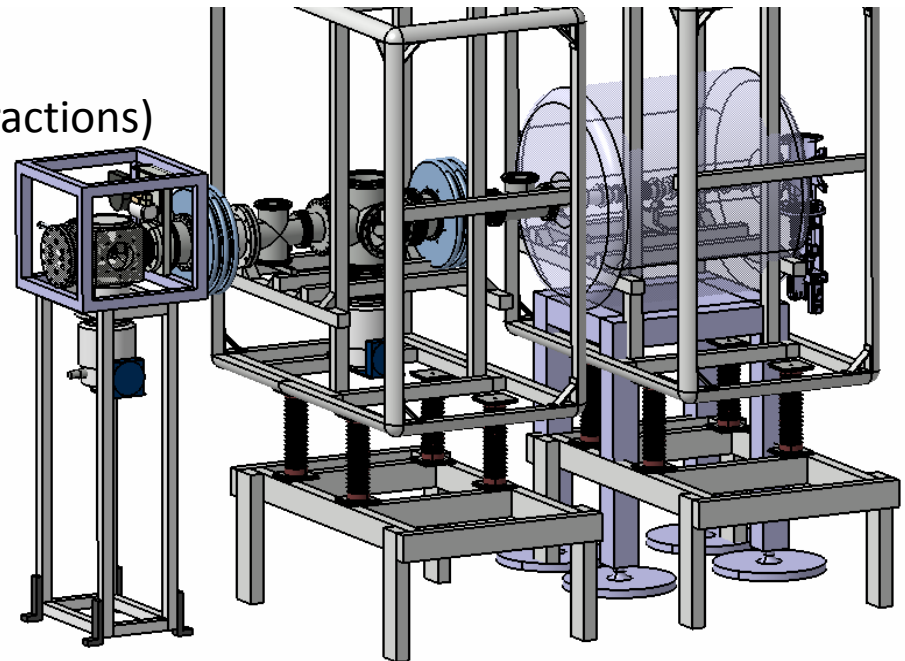
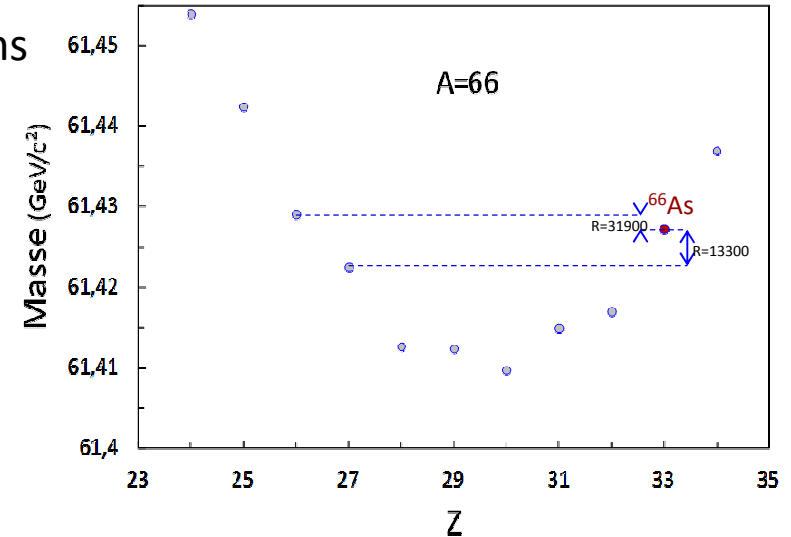
### How ?

Double Penning trap system

- ↪ one to purify
- ↪ one to accumulate

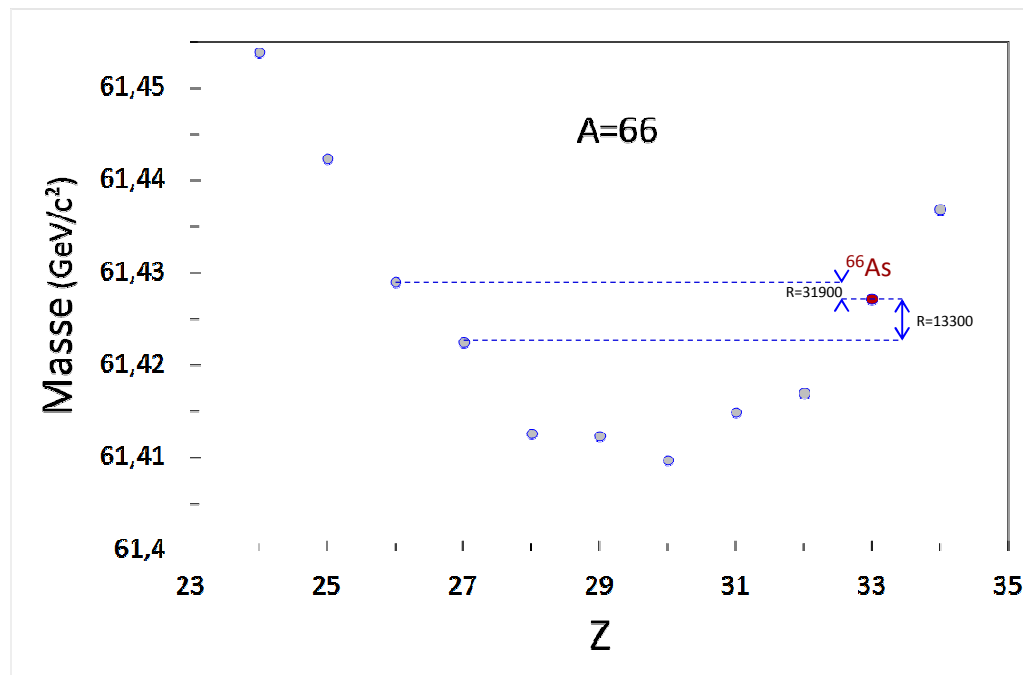
### Which Physics ?

- ↪ Precision measurements (fundamental interactions)
- ↪ Decay spectroscopy
- ↪ Other applications (long  $T_{1/2}$ , waste...)
- ↪ ...



# Why PIPERADE ?

- 🌶️ Production of exotic nuclei extremely non-selective
- 🌶️ HRS not sufficient to « clean » samples when isobars have very similar masses



- 🌶️ Nuclei of interest decay over time
- 🌶️ Some experiments (i.e. test of weak interaction) need ultra-pure samples
- 🌶️ **Need a spectrometer with a resolving power  $\Delta M/M \sim 10^5$**

# Other experiments interested by high purification

## TAS measurements

- Reconstruction of a nucleus level scheme via the total energy released for each decay.
- Avoid « Pandemonium effect » but need to get rid of the contaminants.

## Measurement of the half-life of very long-lived nuclei

- $T_{1/2}$  too long to be measured fitting the decay curve.
- Need knowledge of both the absolute activity and the total number of nuclei.
- Possibility to trap the parent of such nuclei to grow a well quantified sample the decay of which can be monitored offline.

## Nuclear waste

- Improve the knowledge of the  $\beta$ -decay properties of some key fission fragment.
- Would help prediction regarding the heat generated by stored nuclear waste

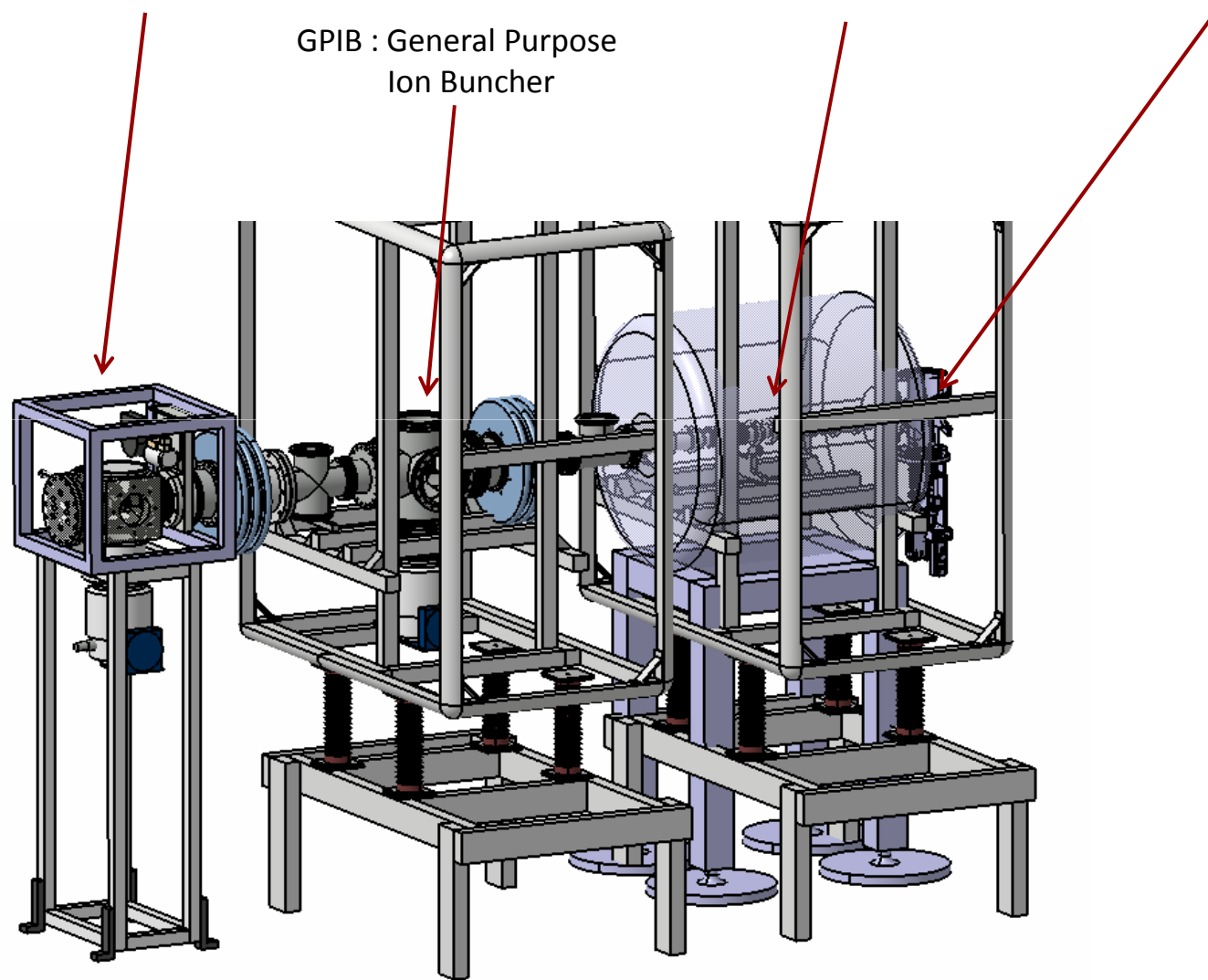
## $\beta$ -NMR

- Same as NMR (probe of the local magnetic field) but detection of the nuclear spin precession via  $\beta$  decay asymmetry.
- Sensitive to any contaminant  $\beta$  decay

 ...

# Technical description :

PIPERADE = Ion Source + RFQ cooler/buncher + Double Penning Trap + Detection System



# Collaboration



Franck Delalee                      technical coordinator  
 Laurent Serani  
 Stéphane Grévy                      scientific coordinator ANR  
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 Pauline Ascher                      PostDoc  
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## Financial support:

ANR :                                      860 000 €  
 Région Aquitaine:                      220 000 €  
 Université Bx 1 :                        50 000 €  
 IN2P3/CNRS                              50 000 €  
 MPIK Heidelberg                        50 000 €  
 IPF/Bx1                                    13 000 €

**TOTAL 1 200 000 €**



# Ongoing work

👉 start of the project : november 2011, 1st. → end of 2015

## RFQ :



- simulations and test of the RFQ SHIRaC1  
PhD of Hugo Guerin@CENBG
- ISCOOL ? (→ collaboration with ISOLDE)

*last RFQ meeting : today, january 24, 9:00 am, Atelier2*

## Penning Trap:



- test of the cleaning of large samples  
PhD of Sunil Kumar@KVI  
PostDoc Pauline Ascher@KVI
- simulation of double penning trap  
PostDoc Pierre Dupré@CSNSM
- prototype @ KVI

*next PenningTrap meeting : Heidelberg, february 14-15.*

*next PIPERADE meeting : Heidelberg, april 24-25.*

	Lumière	MLL	LPCTrap
> Transmission (for given masses) :	100% (70% at A=39)	: 95% without gas, without bunching / >50% in bunched mode	50%
> Bunch time spread :	FWHM<3 $\mu$ s for $10^3$ i/b $\rightarrow$ 10 for $10^6$ i/b	FWHM~2 $\mu$ s	100ns
> Repetition rate :	5ms to 1s; user controllable via hardware	flexible...	200Hz
> Emittance :	<3pi mm mrad typical	~10 pi mm mrad	
> Energy spread :	<3eV	2.4eV after 10ms storage	1eV :
> Space charge capacity :	$10^6$ usefull for calibration scans	1-100 i/b	$10^5$
> Mass range :	all	40-240	6-40